WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A display device comprising:
- a display;

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- 5 a display controller;
 - a first means for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods and setting one of lighting and non-lighting to each of the plurality of subframe periods, and for expressing n-bits gradation (n is a natural number of two or more) in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period; and
 - a second means not for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods, for setting one of lighting and non-lighting to the one frame period, for expressing 1-bit gradation in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period, and for operating the display with a lower clock frequency and a lower driving voltage than the first means,
 - wherein the first and second means are controlled by the display controller.
 - 2. A display device comprising:
 - a display;
 - a display controller;
- a first means for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods and setting one of lighting and non-lighting to each of the plurality of subframe periods, and for expressing n-bits gradation (n is a natural number of two or more) in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period; and
 - a second means not for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods, for setting one of lighting and non-lighting to the one frame period, for expressing 1-bit gradation in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period, and having a longer frame period as compared to the one frame period for expressing n-bits gradation and operating the display with a lower clock frequency and a lower driving voltage than the first means,
 - wherein the first and second means are controlled by the display controller.
 - 3. A display device according to claim 1,

wherein the display device further comprises a frame memory;

n-bits data (n is a natural number of two or more) is written and read out to perform a display operation in the first means; and

1-bit data is written and read out to perform a display operation in the second

means.

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4. A display device according to claim 2,

wherein the display device further comprises a frame memory;

n-bits data (n is a natural number of two or more) is written and read out to perform a display operation in the first means; and

1-bit data is written and read out to perform a display operation in the second means.

5. A display device according to claim 1,

wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each pixel;

a specific voltage is applied to the light emitting element; and

a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the first means is higher than a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the second means.

6. A display device according to claim 2,

wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each pixel;

a specific voltage is applied to the light emitting element; and

a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the first means is higher than a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the second means.

7. A display device according to claim 1,

wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each pixel;

a specific current is supplied to the light emitting element; and

a current supplied to the light emitting element in the first means is larger than a current supplied to the light emitting element in the second means.

8. A display device according to claim 2,

wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each pixel;

a specific current is supplied to the light emitting element; and

a current supplied to the light emitting element in the first means is larger than a current supplied to the light emitting element in the second means.

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9. A display device according to claim 1,

wherein the one frame period of the first means is composed of three periods of a write-in period, a display period, and an erasing period.

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10. A display device according to claim 2,

wherein the one frame period of the first means is composed of three periods of a write-in period, a display period, and an erasing period.

11. A display device according to claim 1,

wherein the display controller operates at a lower voltage in the second means as compared to in the first means.

- 12. A display device according to claim 2,
- wherein the display controller operates at a lower voltage in the second means as compared to in the first means.
 - 13. A display device comprising:
 - a display;
- 20 a display controller;
 - a first means for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods and setting one of lighting and non-lighting to each of the plurality of subframe periods, and for expressing n-bits gradation (n is a natural number of two or more) in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period; and
 - a second means for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods and setting one of lighting and non-lighting to each of the plurality of subframe periods, for expressing m-bits gradation (m is a natural number less than n) in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period, and for operating the display at a lower clock frequency and a lower driving voltage than the first means,
 - wherein the first and second means are controlled by the display controller.
 - 14. A display device according to claim 13,

wherein the display device further comprises a frame memory;

n-bits data (n is a natural number of two or more) is written and read out to perform a display operation in the first means; and

m-bits data (m is a natural number less than n) is written and read out to perform a

display operation in the second means.

15. A display device according to claim 13,

wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each pixel;

a specific voltage is applied to the light emitting element; and

a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the first means is higher than a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the second means.

16. A display device according to claim 13,

wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each pixel;

a specific current is supplied to the light emitting element; and

a current supplied to the light emitting element in the first means is larger than a current supplied to the light emitting element in the second means.

17. A display device according to claim 13,

wherein the one frame period of the first means is composed of three periods of a write-in period, a display period, and an erasing period.

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18. A display device according to claim 13,

wherein the one frame period of the second means is composed of three periods of a write-in period, a display period, and an erasing period.

19. A display device according to claim 13,

wherein the display controller operates at a lower voltage in the second means as compared to in the first means.

- 20. A method of driving a display device having a display and a display controller, comprising:
- a first display mode for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods and setting one of lighting and non-lighting to each of the plurality of subframe periods, and for expressing n-bits gradation (n is a natural number of two or more) in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period; and
- a second display mode not for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods and setting one of lighting and non-lighting to the one frame period,

for expressing 1-bit gradation in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period, and for operating the display at a lower clock frequency and a lower driving voltage than the first display mode,

wherein the first and second display modes are controlled by the display controller.

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21. A method of driving a display device having a display and a display controller, comprising:

a first display mode for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods and setting one of lighting and non-lighting to each of the plurality of subframe periods, and for expressing n-bits gradation (n is a natural number of two or more) in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period; and

a second display mode not for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods, for setting one of lighting and non-lighting to the one frame period, for expressing 1-bit gradation in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period, and having a longer frame period than the first display mode and operating the display at a lower clock frequency and a lower driving voltage than the first display mode,

wherein the first and second display modes are controlled by the display controller.

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22. A method of driving a display device according to claim 20, wherein the display device further comprises a frame memory;

n-bits data (n is a natural number of two or more) is written and read out to perform a display operation in the first display mode; and

1-bit data is written and read out to perform a display operation in the second display mode.

23. A method of driving a display device according to claim 21, wherein the display device further comprises a frame memory;

n-bits data (n is a natural number of two or more) is written and read out to perform a display operation in the first display mode; and

1-bit data is written and read out to perform a display operation in the second display mode.

24. A method of driving a display device according to claim 20,

wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each pixel;

- a specific voltage is applied to the light emitting element; and
- a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the first display mode is higher than a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the second display mode.
- 5 25. A method of driving a display device according to claim 21, wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each pixel;
 - a specific voltage is applied to the light emitting element; and
- a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the first display mode is higher than a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the second display mode.
 - 26. A method of driving a display device according to claim 20, wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each pixel;
- a specific current is supplied to the light emitting element; and a current supplied to the light emitting element in the first display mode is larger than a current supplied to the light emitting element in the second display mode.
 - 27. A method of driving a display device according to claim 21,
- wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each 20 pixel;
 - a specific current is supplied to the light emitting element; and
 - a current supplied to the light emitting element in the first display mode is larger than a current supplied to the light emitting element in the second display mode.
- 28. A method of driving a display device according to claim 20, wherein the first display mode is composed of three periods of a write-in period, a display period, and an erasing period.
- 29. A method of driving a display device according to claim 21,
 wherein the first display mode is composed of three periods of a write-in period, a display period, and an erasing period.
- 30. A method of driving a display device according to claim 20, wherein the display controller operates at a lower voltage in the second display mode as compared to in the first display mode.

- 31. A method of driving a display device according to claim 21, wherein the display controller operates at a lower voltage in the second display mode as compared to in the first display mode.
- 5 32. A method of driving a display device having a display and a display controller, comprising:
 - a first display mode for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods and setting one of lighting and non-lighting to each of the plurality of subframe periods, and for expressing n-bits gradation (n is a natural number of two or more) in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period; and
 - a second display mode for dividing one frame period into a plurality of subframe periods and setting one of lighting and non-lighting to each of the plurality of subframe periods, for expressing m-bits gradation (m is a natural number less than n) in accordance with a total lighting time during the one frame period, and for operating the display at a lower clock frequency and a lower driving voltage than the first display mode,

wherein the first and second display modes are controlled by the display controller.

33. A method of driving a display device according to claim 32,

wherein the display device further comprises a frame memory;

n-bits data (n is a natural number of two or more) is written and read out to perform a display operation in the first display mode; and

1-bit data is written and read out to perform a display operation in the second display mode.

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- 34. A method of driving a display device according to claim 32,
- wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each pixel;
 - a specific voltage is applied to the light emitting element; and
- a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the first display mode is higher than a voltage applied to the light emitting element in the second display mode.
- 35. A method of driving a display device according to claim 32, wherein the display device further comprises a light emitting element for each pixel;
 - a specific current is supplied to the light emitting element; and

a current supplied to the light emitting element in the first display mode is larger than a current supplied to the light emitting element in the second display mode.

- 36. A method of driving a display device according to claim 32,
- wherein the first display mode is composed of three periods of a write-in period, a display period, and an erasing period.
 - 37. A method of driving a display device according to claim 32,

wherein the second display mode is composed of three periods of a write-in period, a display period, and an erasing period.

38. A method of driving a display device according to claim 32,

wherein the display controller operates at a lower voltage in the second display mode as compared to in the first display mode.

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39. A display device according to claim 1, wherein the display device is used in an electronic equipment selected from the group consisting of a portable information terminal, a personal computer, an image reproducing device, a television, a head mounted display and a video camera.

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40. A display device according to claim 2, wherein the display device is used in an electronic equipment selected from the group consisting of a portable information terminal, a personal computer, an image reproducing device, a television, a head mounted display and a video camera.

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41. A display device according to claim 13, wherein the display device is used in an electronic equipment selected from the group consisting of a portable information terminal, a personal computer, an image reproducing device, a television, a head mounted display and a video camera.

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42. A method of driving a display device according to claim 20, wherein the display device is used in an electronic equipment selected from the group consisting of a portable information terminal, a personal computer, an image reproducing device, a television, a head mounted display and a video camera.

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43. A method of driving a display device according to claim 21, wherein the

display device is used in an electronic equipment selected from the group consisting of a portable information terminal, a personal computer, an image reproducing device, a television, a head mounted display and a video camera.

5 44. A method of driving a display device according to claim 32, wherein the display device is used in an electronic equipment selected from the group consisting of a portable information terminal, a personal computer, an image reproducing device, a television, a head mounted display and a video camera.